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**Patentanmeldung Nr. Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°**

**02445147.8**

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SUEDE

Bezeichnung der Erfindung/Title of the invention/Titre de l'invention:  
(Falls die Bezeichnung der Erfindung nicht angegeben ist, siehe Beschreibung.  
If no title is shown please refer to the description.  
Si aucun titre n'est indiqué se référer à la description.)

Device and method for generating an alert signal

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## DEVICE AND METHOD FOR GENERATING AN ALERT SIGNAL

### Field of the invention

5 The present invention relates to a device and method for generating an alert signal based on the geographical position of the device, optionally also based on time or date. The alert signal is generated when the device is within a certain distance from a predefined location taking into account the fact that certain tasks or actions can only be taken when the user is at this location. The device is suitably a mobile telephone.

10

### State of the art

It is well known to use time-based calendars in portable devices such as mobile telephones. Reminders are presented on the device when the actual time matches a calendar event previously entered by the user in the calendar. Also, 15 positioning services are well known such as GPS (Global Positioning System) and various positioning services in mobile telecommunication networks. The standard positioning services usually give position and in some case suggestions for nearby gas stations, shops, cinemas, etc.

The problem today is that the time based calendar function only refers to 20 time instances. For some tasks you will only be able to perform them at a specific location, sometimes regardless of time. Having an ordinary "to-do list" is neither an option because you cannot check this list at every time instance and every time you visit a new place.

### 25 Summary of the invention

The invention exploits the novel idea that one should be able to set a calendar event but not solely based on a certain time but rather on position. This means that whenever you are close to a certain location you will be reminded by the calendar event. In fact, some "calendar" events are triggered regardless of time since they 30 only depend on location.

In a first aspect the invention provides a device for generating an alert signal comprising:

positioning means for updating and storing an actual position of the device;

location storage means for storing the location of a place of interest;

35 means for storing a request for an alert signal associated with the location of a place of interest; and

trigger means for comparing the actual position of the device with the location of a place of interest and triggering generation of said alert signal when the distance between the actual position of the device and the location of a place of interest is

less than a predetermined value.

Preferably, the predetermined value is variable, and may be set individually for each request for an alert signal.

5

Suitably, the location storage means includes a personal map program and/or a browser for finding locations on a telecommunications network.

The browser may be a WAP browser for finding locations on the Internet.

10

In one embodiment, the positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device every time the device changes base station and/or at regular time intervals.

- 15 In another embodiment, the positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device every time the device has moved a distance, for instance 100 meters.

- 20 In still another embodiment the positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device in dependence of the speed of the device.

In a further embodiment, the device comprises:

calendar means for storing calendar entries;

clock means for keeping track of the actual time;

- 25 further trigger means for comparing the actual time with a calendar entry and triggering generation of said alert signal when the actual time matches the calendar entry, but only when the distance between the actual position of the device and the location of a place of interest is less than the predetermined value.

- 30 Suitably, the calendar entry matches the actual time once only or the calendar entry matches the actual time repeatedly for a specified time unit, such as day/week/month/year.

The positioning means may comprise a GPS receiver.

35

The device may be a portable telephone, a pager, a communicator, a smart phone, a positioning device or an electronic organiser.

In a second aspect the invention provides a method for generating an alert signal in

a device comprising the steps of:

updating and storing an actual position of the device;

storing the location of a place of interest;

storing a request for an alert signal associated with the location of a place of

5 interest; and

comparing the actual position of the device with the location of a place of interest

and triggering generation of said alert signal when the distance between the actual

position of the device and the location of a place of interest is less than a

predetermined value.

10

Preferably, the predetermined value is variable, and is set individually for each request for an alert signal.

Suitably, the location storage is supplied by means of a personal map program

15 and/or by means of a browser for finding locations on a telecommunications network.

The browser may be a WAP browser for finding locations on the Internet.

20 In one embodiment, the actual position of the device is updated every time the device changes base station and/or at regular time intervals.

In another embodiment, the actual position of the device is updated every time the device the device has moved a distance, for instance 100 meters.

25

In still another embodiment the actual position of the device is updated in dependence of the speed of the device.

In a further embodiment, the method comprises the steps of:

30 storing calendar entries;

keeping track of the actual time;

comparing the actual time with a calendar entry and triggering generation of said

alert signal when the actual time matches the calendar entry, but only when the

distance between the actual position of the device and the location of a place of

35 interest is less than the predetermined value.

Suitably, the calendar entry matches the actual time once only or repeatedly for a specified time unit, such as day/week/month/year.

The step of updating and storing the actual position of the device may comprise receiving GPS signals.

- Also, the step of updating and storing the actual position of the device may  
 5 comprise receiving position information from a mobile telecommunication network.

Suitably, the mobile telecommunication network uses EOTD (Enhanced Observed Time Difference) or OTDOA (Observed Time Difference On Arrival).

10 Brief description of the drawings

The invention will be described below with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which the only figure is three views of various distances applied in the present invention.

15 Detailed description of preferred embodiments

The invention will be described by means of a mobile telephone as an example. A person skilled in the art will realize that the invention is also applicable in other devices, such as pagers, communicators, smart phones, positioning devices or electronic organizers.

- 20 As is conventional, the mobile telephone software includes a time based calendar function capable of generating signals triggered when the internal clock of the phone matches the calendar entry. An alert signal can be any kind of signal, such as audible signals, visual signals and messages shown on the display of the telephone. The user enters in advance what kind of signal is requested and at what  
 25 time. The calendar includes a function for generating the alert signal once only, or repeatedly, e.g. at the same time each day, each week, each month, or even each year, etc.

- The device also incorporates a function for knowing its own position. Today there exist various possibilities such as GPS (Global Positioning System) based on  
 30 satellites, and location/positioning services within mobile telecommunication systems using e.g. triangulation with reference to known positions of base stations. Any positioning service can be used with the present invention. In mobile systems an EOTD (Enhanced Observed Time Difference) is used within GSM (Global System for Mobile Communications) and GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) or  
 35 OTDOA (Observed Time Difference On Arrival) in the third generation systems. The accuracy provided by EOTD or GPS is in most cases sufficient for the application. Below ten metres is usually not needed for the functionality contemplated in the present invention.

Thus, the actual position of a device is updated and stored in the positioning

means of the device. When and how often the position is updated may depend on the movement of the device or on time or both. E.g. the position is updated every time the device has moved a distance, for instance 100 meters. Also, the update rate could be dependent of the speed of the device. If the device moves quickly, the  
 5 updates are more frequent. If the device does not move at all, the position need not be updated. Also, the position can be updated every time the device changes base station in a handover. Based on time, the position can be updated at regular time intervals, such as every ten minutes or every hour, optionally dependent upon the speed of the device.

10 The location of places where the user wants to be reminded of things to do is also stored in the device. The positioning data for the wanted location can be supplied either by yellow pages or advertisements over the web, e.g. by means of the phone's WAP browser, or a personal map program. Such programs are usually supplied with the GPS software enabling the user himself to search the co-ordinates.  
 15 Printed and other published maps can be downloaded in the device from a computer. After a while the user will have his favourite locations stored just to choose from a list – just like the phone book.

Thus, the phone's actual position can be compared with a location of a place of interest stored in the telephone. When the distance between those two positions is  
 20 less than a value the phone can respond by generating an alert signal. The distance can be fixed but is preferably variable so that the user can set a limit depending on the location of the place of interest and the nature of the task.

The alert signal can be triggered based on this distance alone, but can also be conditional based on the actual time by combination with the time-based calendar.  
 25 A few examples are given below with reference to figure 1.

In the first example the distance between the actual position of the device and the position of the place of interest is set at a rather large value  $r$ . The user may want to visit a certain shop or restaurant next time he is in a specific town. In this case the distance is set at a large value, e.g. ten kilometres, so that the whole town is  
 30 included. Since the user does not visit this town very often he is not disturbed by unnecessary alarms. Also, he may not know beforehand when he will visit the town next time, so the actual time he will go there is not possible or relevant to enter. Another example is that a friend tells the user about a terrific place he has visited on his last trip, and the user wants a reminder to go there next time he is passing by this  
 35 place.

Another example is when the distance is set to a lower value. It may e.g. be walking distance within a district of the user's hometown. The user may want to be reminded to visit a certain shop when he is in the vicinity but he does not want to be reminded every time he is in town. In this instance the distance  $r$  may be set at a few

hundred metres.

Another example is when the distance  $r$  is set to only include a specific building, such as the user's home, place of work, the library, etc. When the user gets home he may want to be reminded to check the contents of the fridge; or when the user is visiting a friend's home he wants to be reminded to borrow a book or a record; or when the user is visiting his summer cottage he wants to be reminded to water the plants or bring home the tools he left there last time.

The above reminders can be generated each time the distance between the actual position of the device and the location of the place of interest is less than the set value  $r$ . However, in some instances the user wants only to be reminded at certain times. E.g. the user wants to be reminded to re-new the company parking ticket at the last working day of the month. In this case the user requests an alert signal to be generated when he is within the building of his place of work at the last working day of the month. He can also schedule his meetings and only be reminded when at work with a similar entry in the location-based and time-based calendar. In these cases, the alert signal is only generated when both the time and location conditions are satisfied.

The user can respond to the alert signal by a confirmation, resulting in that the calendar entry is deleted or repeated as the case may be. E.g. the alert signal can be confirmed by:

- a) OK (deletion)
- b) Remind me in 5 minutes (repetition), or
- c) Remind me next time I come here instead (location-based repetition).

The repetition time can be set to be dependent on the distance  $r$ . For example, if  $r$  is small, such as when the reminder is triggered in a building, the repetition time is set at 10 minutes, but when  $r$  is large, such as when the reminder is triggered in a city, the repetition time is set at one hour. The presumption is that it takes longer to leave a city than a building before the postponed action is forgotten.

A person skilled in the art will realize that there are many ways to implement the invention. The form and function of the time-based and location-based calendar may vary in many respects. The scope of the invention is only limited by the claims below.



## CLAIMS

1. A device for generating an alert signal comprising:  
positioning means for updating and storing an actual position of the device;  
**characterised by**  
5 location storage means for storing the location of a place of interest;  
means for storing a request for an alert signal associated with the location of a  
place of interest; and  
trigger means for comparing the actual position of the device with the location  
of a place of interest and triggering generation of said alert signal when the  
10 distance between the actual position of the device and the location of a place of  
interest is less than a predetermined value (r).
2. A device according to claim 1, **characterised** in that the predetermined value  
(r) is variable, and may be set individually for each request for an alert signal.  
15
3. A device according to claim 1 or 2, **characterised** in that the location storage  
means includes a personal map program.
4. A device according to claim 1, 2 or 3, **characterised** in that the location  
20 storage means includes a browser for finding locations on a telecommunications  
network.
5. A device according to claim 4, **characterised** in that the browser is a WAP  
browser for finding locations on the Internet.  
25
6. A device according to any one of claims 1 to 5, **characterised** in that the  
positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device every  
time the device changes base station.
- 30 7. A device according to any one of claims 1 to 5, **characterised** in that the  
positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device at  
regular time intervals.
8. A device according to any one of claims 1 to 5, **characterised** in that the  
35 positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device every  
time the device has moved a distance, for instance 100 meters.
9. A device according to any one of claims 1 to 5, **characterised** in that the  
positioning means is arranged to update the actual position of the device in

dependence of the speed of the device.

10. A device according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterised** by further comprising:
- 5 calendar means for storing calendar entries;  
clock means for keeping track of the actual time;  
further trigger means for comparing the actual time with a calendar entry and triggering generation of said alert signal when the actual time matches the calendar entry, but only when the distance between the actual position of the
- 10 device and the location of a place of interest is less than the predetermined value (r).
11. A device according to claim 10, **characterised** in that the calendar entry matches the actual time once only.
- 15 12. A device according to claim 10, **characterised** in that the calendar entry matches the actual time repeatedly for a specified time unit, such as day/week/month/year.
- 20 13. A device according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterised** in that the positioning means comprises a GPS receiver.
14. A device according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterised** in that the device is a portable telephone, a pager, a communicator, a smart phone, a
- 25 positioning device or an electronic organiser.
15. A method for generating an alert signal in a device comprising the steps of: updating and storing an actual position of the device;  
**characterised** by the further steps of:
- 30 storing the location of a place of interest;  
storing a request for an alert signal associated with the location of a place of interest; and  
comparing the actual position of the device with the location of a place of interest and triggering generation of said alert signal when the distance between
- 35 the actual position of the device and the location of a place of interest is less than a predetermined value (r).
16. A method according to claim 15, **characterised** in that the predetermined value (r) is variable, and is set individually for each request for an alert signal.

17. A method according to claim 15 or 16, characterised in that the location storage is supplied by means of a personal map program.
- 5 18. A method according to claim 15, 16 or 17, characterised in that the location storage is supplied by means of a browser for finding locations on a telecommunications network.
- 10 19. A method according to claim 18, characterised in that the browser is a WAP browser for finding locations on the Internet.
20. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 19, characterised in that the actual position of the device is updated every time the device changes base station.
- 15 21. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 19, characterised in that the actual position of the device is updated at regular time intervals.
- 20 22. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 19, characterised in that the actual position of the device is updated every time the device has moved a distance, for instance 100 meters.
- 25 23. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 19, characterised in that the actual position of the device is updated in dependence of the speed of the device.
24. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 23, characterised by the further steps of:  
storing calendar entries;  
keeping track of the actual time;  
30 comparing the actual time with a calendar entry and triggering generation of said alert signal when the actual time matches the calendar entry, but only when the distance between the actual position of the device and the location of a place of interest is less than the predetermined value (r).
- 35 25. A method according to claim 24, characterised in that the calendar entry matches the actual time once only.
26. A method according to claim 24, characterised in that the calendar entry matches the actual time repeatedly for a specified time unit, such as

day/week/month/year.

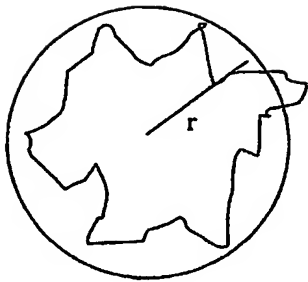
27. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 26, characterised in that the  
step of updating and storing the actual position of the device comprises  
5 receiving GPS signals.
28. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 26, characterised in that the  
step of updating and storing the actual position of the device comprises  
receiving position information from a mobile telecommunication network.  
10
29. A method according to claim 28, characterised in that the mobile  
telecommunication network uses EOTD (Enhanced Observed Time Difference)  
or OTDOA (Observed Time Difference On Arrival).
- 15 30. A method according to any one of claims 15 to 29, characterised in that the  
device is a portable telephone, a pager, a communicator, a smart phone, a  
positioning device or an electronic organiser.

## ABSTRACT

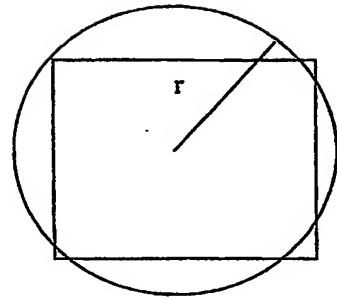
The invention relates to a device and method for generating an alert signal based on the geographical position of the device, optionally also based on time or date. The alert signal is generated when the device is within a certain distance from a

5 predefined location taking into account the fact that certain tasks or actions can only be taken when the user is at this location. Thus, the invention provides a device for generating an alert signal comprising: positioning means for updating and storing an actual position of the device; location storage means for storing the location of a place of interest; means for storing a request for an alert signal associated with the

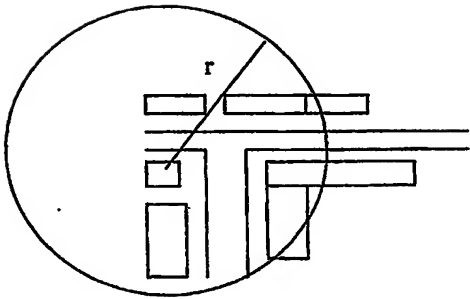
10 location of a place of interest; and trigger means for comparing the actual position of the device with the location of a place of interest and triggering generation of said alert signal when the distance between the actual position of the device and the location of a place of interest is less than a predetermined value. The device is suitably a mobile telephone.



Town



Building



District

FIG 1

PCT Application  
PCT/EP2003/012482



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